

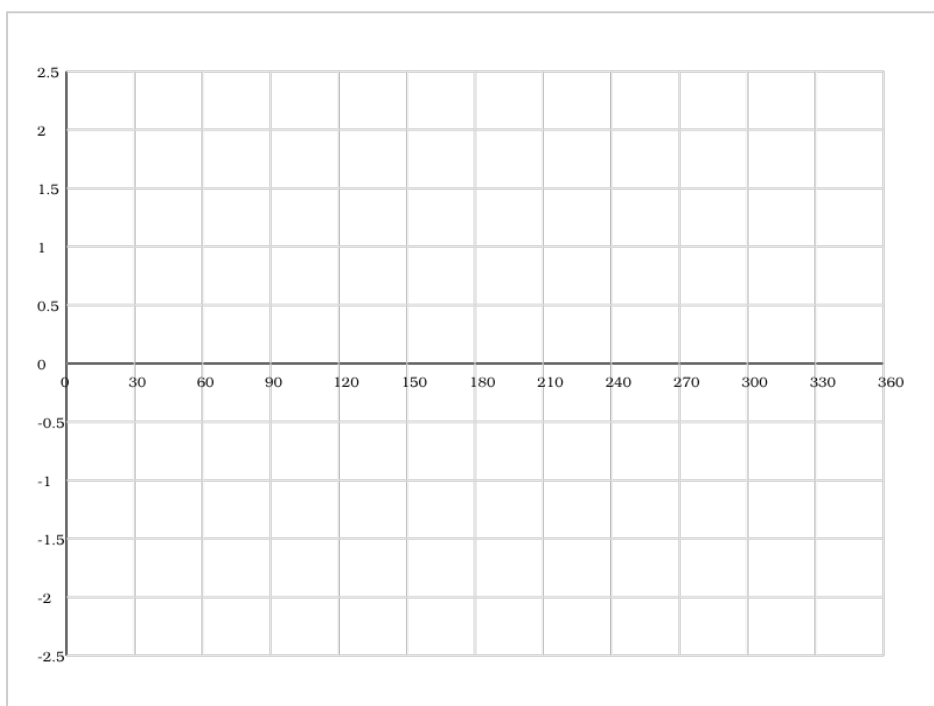
PLOTTING TRIGONOMETRIC GRAPHS

Answer all of these questions. Remember to show your working out in all questions.

MAIN QUESTIONS

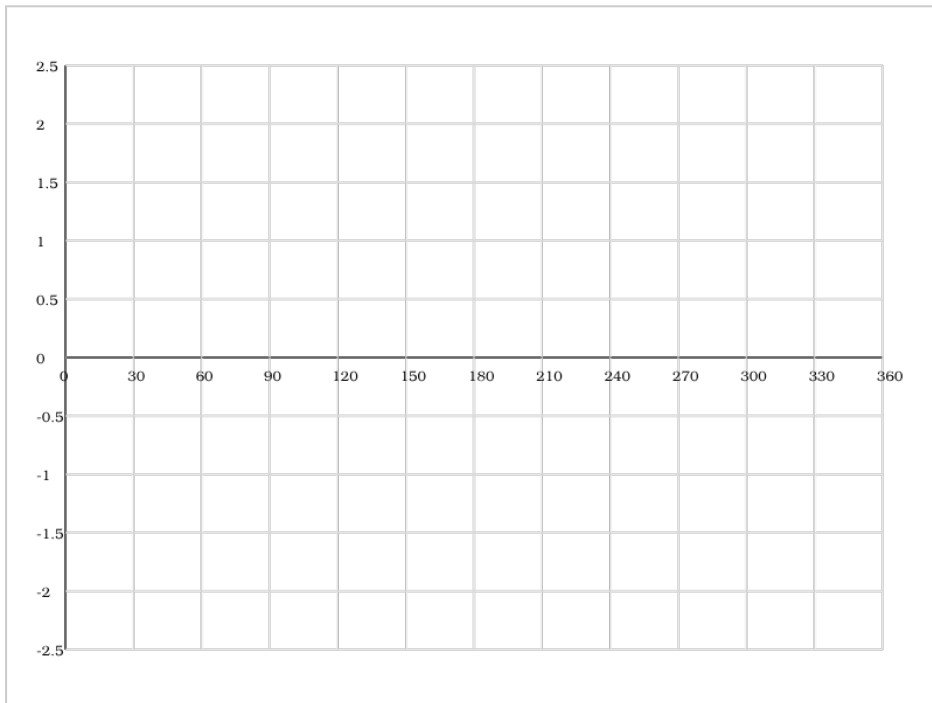
1.

Plot $y = \sin(x)$ for $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$



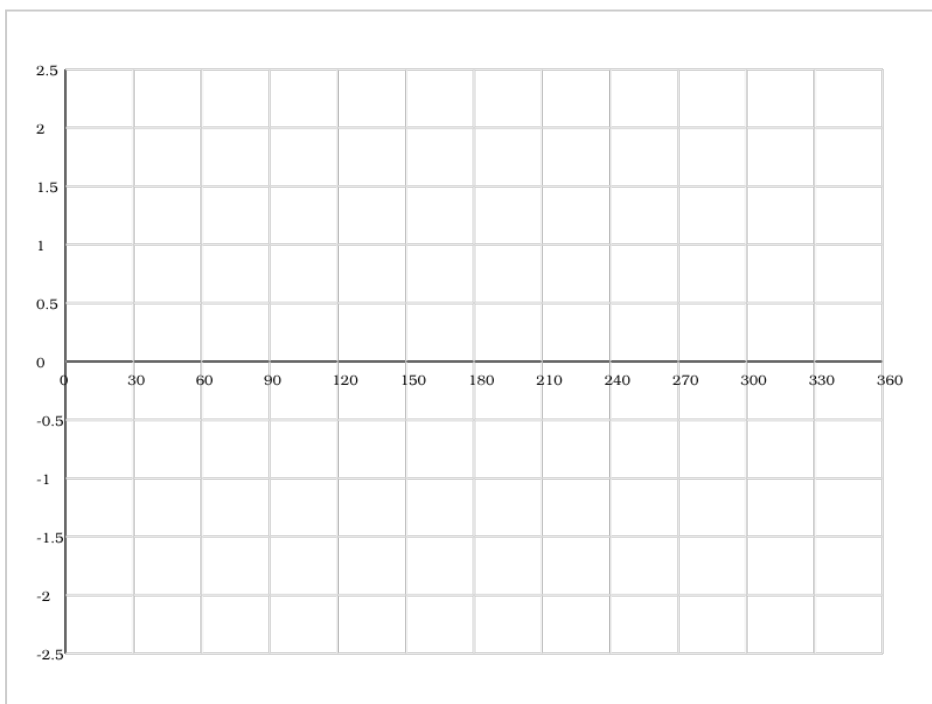
2.

Plot $y = \cos(x)$ for $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$



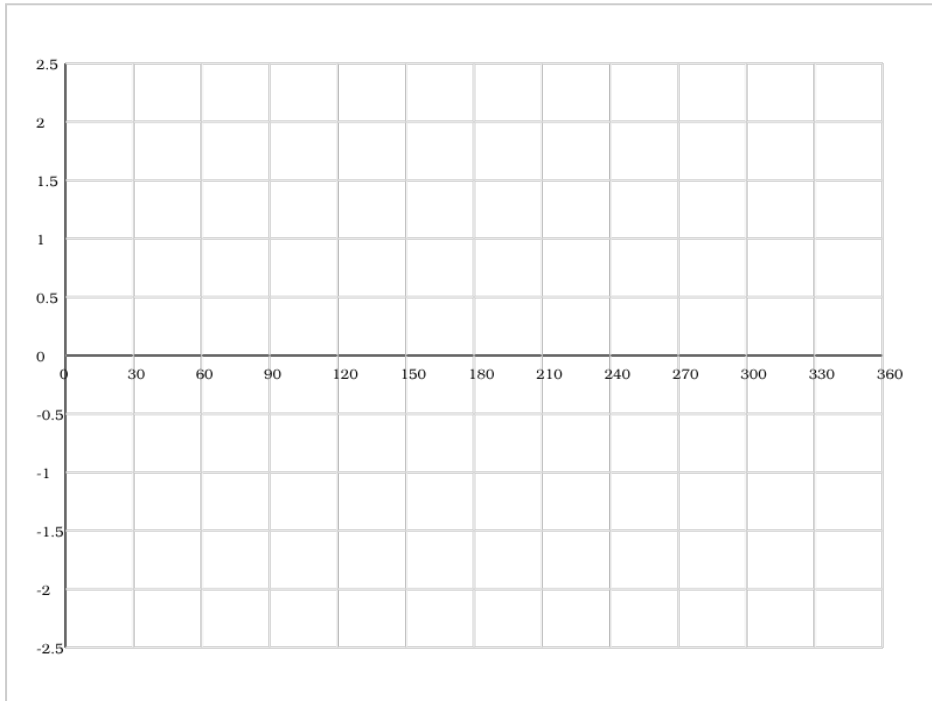
3.

Plot $y = 2\sin(x)$ for $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$



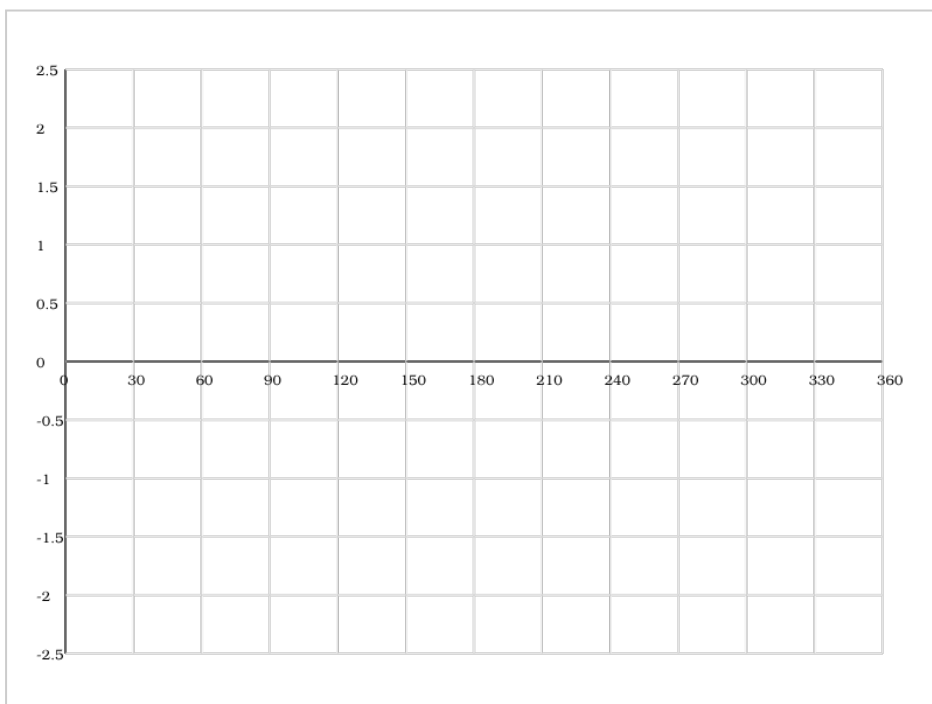
4.

Plot $y = 0.5\cos(x)$ for $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$



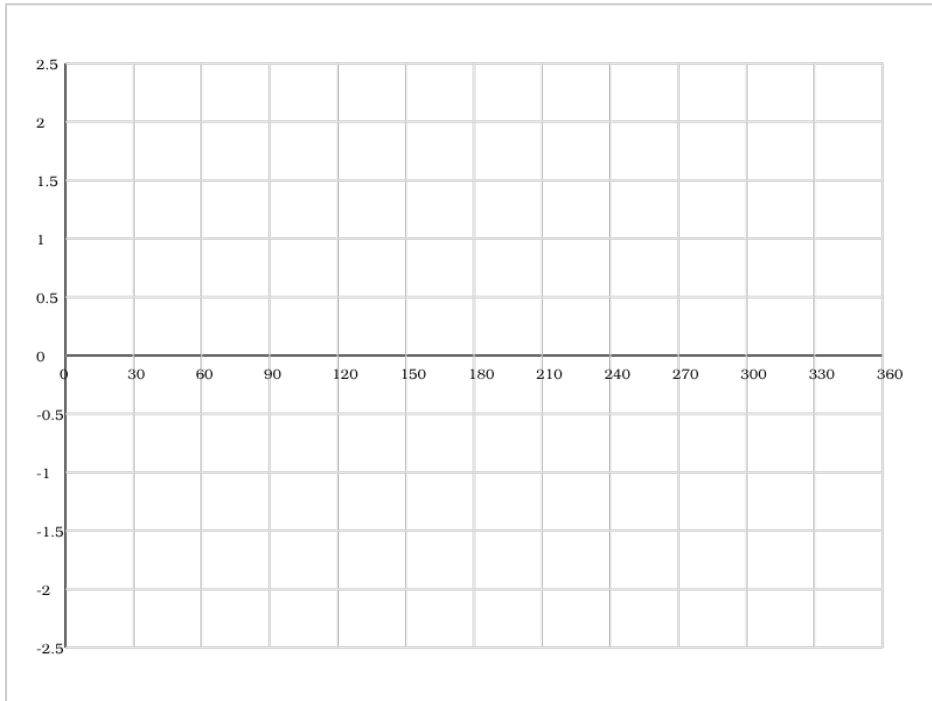
5.

Plot $y = \sin(x) + 1$ for $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$



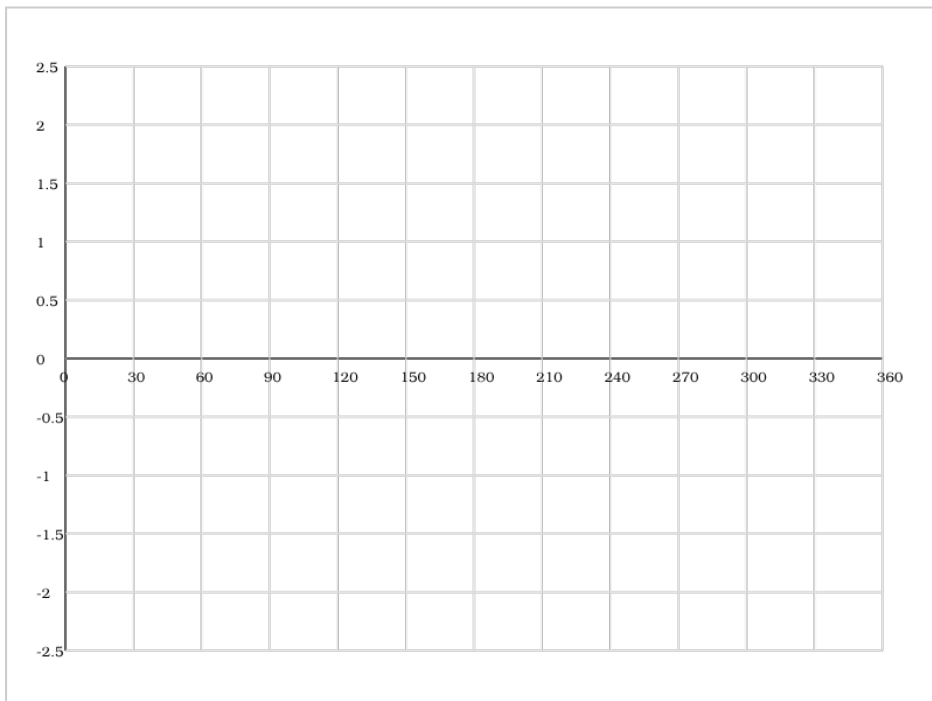
6.

Plot $y = -\cos(x)$ for $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$



7.

Plot $y = \tan(x)$ for $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$



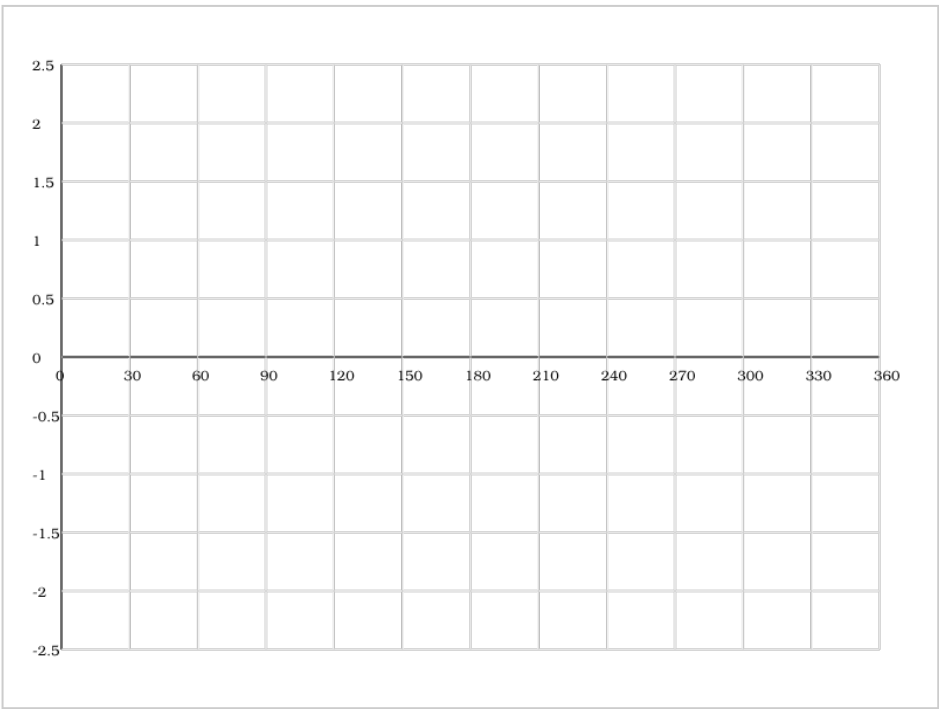
8.

MASTER QUESTIONS



M1.

A Ferris wheel has a diameter of 4 metres and completes one full rotation every 2 minutes. The height of a passenger above the ground can be modelled by a trigonometric function. Create a graph showing the height of a passenger over one complete rotation, assuming they start at the lowest point.



M2.

The temperature in a laboratory follows a daily cycle that can be approximated by a cosine function. The temperature ranges from 15°C to 25°C , with the maximum occurring at 2pm. Plot a graph showing the temperature variation over a 24-hour period starting at midnight.

